

Ellenbarrie Industrial Gases Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name:	Carbon Dioxide, Liquid Carbon Dioxide	Trade Name:	Carbon Dioxide, Liquid Carbon Dioxide
Product Use:	Many		
Chemical Name:	Carbon Dioxide	Synonym:	Carbon Anhydride, Carbonic acid gas.
Chemical Formula:	CO ₂	Chemical Family:	Acid anhydrides (Acid)
Telephone:	Emergencies:	Supplier:	Ellenbarrie Industrial Gases Limited
	*033-25828791,	/Manufacture:	3A, Ripon Street, Kolkata-700016
	*033-27094398	Phone:	033-22292441, 22291923, 22491922
	*08924-205105	Fax:	033-22493396

*Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Ellenbarrie Industrial Gases Limited sales representative.

2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

INGREDIENTS	% (VOL)	CAS NUMBER	LD ₅₀ (Species & Routes)	LC ₅₀ (Rat, 4 hrs.)	TLV-TWA (ACGIH)
Carbon dioxide	100	124-38-9	Not applicable.	Not available.	5000 ppm

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

CAUTION! High-pressure liquid and gas. Can cause rapid suffocation. Can increase respiration and heart rate. May cause nervous system damage. May cause frostbite. May cause dizziness and drowsiness. Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing may be required by rescue workers.

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: TLV-TWA Data from 2004 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values (ACGIH).

EFFECTS OF A SINGLE (ACUTE) OVEREXPOSURE:

INHALATION: Asphyxiant. Effects are due to lack of oxygen. Moderate concentrations may cause headaches, drowsiness, dizziness, excitation, excess salivation, vomiting, and unconsciousness. Lack of oxygen can kill.

SKIN CONTACT: No harm expected from vapour. Liquid may cause frostbite.

SKIN ABSORPTION: No harm expected. Liquid may cause frostbite.

SWALLOWING: This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure. Liquid may cause frostbite.

EYE CONTACT: Vapour may cause a stinging sensation; liquid may cause frostbite.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED (CHRONIC) OVEREXPOSURE:

No evidence of adverse effects from available information.

OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Damage to retinal ganglion cells and central nervous system may occur.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:

Repeated or prolonged exposure is not known to aggravate medical condition.

SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATION:

A single study has shown an increase in heart defects in rats exposed to 6% carbon dioxide in air for 24 hours at different time during gestation. There is no evidence that carbon dioxide is tetratogenic in humans.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Not listed as carcinogen by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

4. First Aid Measures

INHALATION:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 41°C. In case of massive exposure, remove contaminated clothing while showering with warm water. Call a physician.

SWALLOWING:

This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

EYE CONTACT:

For contact with the liquid, immediately flush eyes thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. See a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist, immediately.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

There is no specific antidote. Treatment of over-exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

FLAMMABLE : No. **IF YES, UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS?** Not applicable.

FLASH POINT (test method) Not applicable. **AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE** Not applicable.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % by volume: **LOWER:** Not applicable. **UPPER:** Not applicable.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

This material cannot catch fire. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

CAUTION! High-pressure gas. Asphyxiant. Effects are due to lack of oxygen. Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Immediately deluge cylinders with water from maximum distance until cool; then move them away from fire area if without risk.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

Gas cannot catch fire. Container may rupture due to heat of fire. No part of a container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 52°C. Most containers are provided with a pressure relief device designed to vent contents when they are exposed to elevated temperature.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Not applicable.

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT: Avoid impact against container.

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE: Not applicable.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

CAUTION! High-pressure gas! Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Shut off flow if you can do so without risk. Ventilate area or move cylinder to a well-ventilated area. Test for sufficient oxygen, especially in confined spaces, before allowing reentry.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Keep personnel away. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, provincial, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE:

Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 52°C. Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING:

Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, and pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Open valve slowly. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. For other precautions, see section 16.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:

Extremely cold liquid and gas!!! Do not get liquid or vapours in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Safety showers and eyewash fountains should be immediately available. Use only in a closed system. Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. **Store and use with adequate ventilation at all times.** Close valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. **Prevent reverse flow.** Reverse flow into cylinder may cause rupture. **When returning cylinder to supplier,** be sure valve is closed. **Never work on a pressurized system.** If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Vent the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. **Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.**

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

VENTILATION/ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

LOCAL EXHAUST: Preferred.

MECHANICAL (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

SPECIAL: Not applicable.

OTHER: Not applicable.

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with the provincial regulations or guidelines. Selection should also be based on the current CSA standards Z94.4, "Selection, care and use of respirators". Respirators should be approved by NIOSH and MSHA.

SKIN PROTECTION: Insulated neoprene gloves.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective clothing where needed. Cuff less trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

PHYSICAL STATE: Compressed Liquefied Gas.	FREEZING POINT: Not applicable.	pH: Not applicable.
BOILING POINT Sublimation: -78.5 C	VAPOUR PRESSURE 5775.2 k P a (@ 20°C)	MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 44.01 g/mole
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Not applicable. LIQUID (Water = 1)	SOLUBILITY IN WATER, Slight.	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.522 VAPOUR (Air = 1)	EVAPORATION RATE > 1 compared to (Butyl Acetate=1):	COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: Not applicable.
VAPOUR DENSITY: 0.00198 g/ml @ 0 C	% VOLATILES BY VOLUME: 100% (v/v).	ODOUR THRESHOLD: Odourless.
APPEARANCE & ODOUR: Colourless.	Odourless gas. It is felt by some to have a slight, pungent odour and biting taste.	

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY:	The product is stable.
CONDITIONS OF CHEMICAL INSTABILITY:	Not applicable.
INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid):	Alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, metal acetylides, Chromium, Titanium above 550°C, Uranium above 750°C.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	In the presence of an electrical discharge, Carbon Dioxide is decomposed to form carbon monoxide and oxygen.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Will not occur.
CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:	None known.

11. Toxicological Information

See section 3.

Carbon dioxide is an asphyxiant. It initially stimulates respiration and then causes respiratory depression. High concentrations result in narcosis. Symptoms in humans are as follows:

EFFECTS:	CO₂ CONCENTRATION:
Breathing rate increases slightly.	1%
Breathing rate increases to 50% above normal level. Prolonged exposure can cause headache, tiredness.	2%
Breathing increases to twice normal rate and become labored. Weak narcotic effect, impaired hearing, headache, increased blood pressure and pulse rate.	3%
Breathing increases to approximately four times normal rate, symptoms of intoxication become evident, and slight choking may be felt.	4 - 5%
Characteristic sharp odor noticeable. Very labored breathing, headache, visual impairment, and ringing in the ears. Judgment may be impaired, followed within minutes by loss of consciousness.	5 - 10%
Unconsciousness occurs more rapidly above 10% level. Prolonged exposure to high concentrations may eventually result in death from asphyxiation.	50 - 100%

12. Ecological Information

No adverse ecological effects expected. This product does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals. The components of this mixture are not listed as marine pollutants by TDG Regulations.

13. Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

14. Transport Information

TDG/IMO SHIPPING NAME: (Gas): Carbon Dioxide; (Liquid): Carbon Dioxide, Refrigerated Liquid

HAZARD CLASS: CLASS:2.2

IDENTIFICATION #:

UN1013 (Gas)

Non-flammable, non-corrosive and non-poisonous gas.

UN2187 (Liquid)

SHIPPING LABEL(s): Non-flammable, non-poisonous gas

PLACARD (when required): Non-flammable, non-poisonous gas

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, non-ventilated compartment of vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

15. Regulatory Information

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, provincial, and local regulations.

WHMIS (Canada) CLASS A: Compressed gas.

International Regulations

EINECS Not available.

DSCL (EEC) This product is not classified according to the EU regulations.

International Lists No products were found.

16. Other Information

MIXTURES:

When two or more gases or liquefied gases are mixed, their hazardous properties may combine to create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an Industrial Hygienist or other trained person when you make your safety evaluation of the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties which can cause serious injury or death.

HAZARD RATING SYSTEM:

HMIS RATINGS:

HEALTH 0

FLAMMABILITY 0

PHYSICAL HAZARD 0

Connection: Use the proper connections. Additional limited-standard connections may apply. Compressed gas cylinders shall not be refilled without the express written permission of the owner. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder which has not been filled by the owner or with/her written consent is a violation of transportation regulations.

Disclaimer: The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Ellenbarrie Industrial Gases Limited. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Ellenbarrie Industrial Gases Limited, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Ellenbarrie Industrial Gases Limited requests the users of this product to study this Material Data Sheet (MSDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this MSDS and any product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product, and (3) request such customers to notify their employees and customers for the product of the same product hazards and safety information.

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